	QUARTER 1				
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES		
	PERFORM: Standard 1 Students will understand and apply media, techniques, and processes. Standard 2 Students will use knowledge of structures and functions.				
Classroom Procedures	Discuss and practice procedures.	Demonstrate consistency following procedures.	Website: • http://www.theartofed.com/2010/12/06/improve-classroom-management-in-the-art-room-today/		
Art Elements	Create a 2D design composition using text (e.g., letters of name, etc.). Draw a self-portrait depicting emotion through color.	Using pre and post assessments, demonstrate improved use of Elements of Art in 2D compositions. Demonstrate an understanding of 2D design compositions using the following Elements of Art: Line Shape Color Value Texture Form Space	Teacher and student-created examples illustrating the effective use of the elements of art and/or principles of design within works of art. Artwork/Artists: Composition II in Red, Blue and Yellow, Piet Mondrian Woman with Parasol, Monet The War, Chagall Websites: http://www.projectarticulate.org/principles.php http://www.incredibleart.org/files/elements2.htm		
Media, Tools, Techniques, and Processes in 2D Design Drawing	Draw a landscape composition, using ink and a drawing tool (e.g. pen, stick, etc.) to illustrate shading techniques. Draw a single object fruit composition using a direct light source and the cross-hatching technique. Create a pencil drawing of a shoe that shows	Using pre and post assessments, demonstrate improved use of tonal shading, cross-hatching/hatching, and stippling in 2D compositions. Demonstrate an understanding of 2D drawing techniques of shading using: Blending (tonal) shading	Websites: • http://www.tothepointdesign.com/stippling_d emo.htm Artwork/Artists: Iron Bridge, van Gogh Circus, Seurat		

	the blending (tonal) technique of shading [using at least five different values].	Hatching/crosshatchingStippling	
2D Design Grouped Objects	2D design still life (grouped objects) that creates the illusion of depth, incorporating the use of shape to form.	Pre and Post assessment of still life illustrating growth in understanding of shape to form, compositional arrangement and value. Demonstrate an understanding of 2D still life (grouped objects) composition drawing by using the following compositional aspects: Format Shape to form concepts Alignment/axis lines Blocking in Scale and proportion Positive and negative shapes/space Escaping or touching all sides-filling the picture plane Overlapping Diminishing sizes Placement on picture plane Gradation of value using tonal shading	Artwork/Artists: Still Life With Drinking Horn, Willem Kalf The Lobster, Arthur Dove Still Life - Fruit, Bottles, William Johnson Delphiniums and Roses on Glass, Carolyn Brady
Figure Drawings	Create gesture drawings of the human figure in different poses. Draw a human figure in three different poses (5 minute gestures/sketches).	Pre and post assessments to illustrate growth in technique for creating figurative work: Gestural drawings Blocking in Basic forms & volume Axis lines/cross reference of axis points to determine scale and proportion and foreshortening Scale & proportion Shading	Websites: • http://drawinglab.evansville.edu/ • http://drawsketch.about.com/od/drawingless onsandtips/ss/gesturaldrawing.htm

Apply and articulate subjects, themes, and	Select appropriate media, techniques, and	Using written or recorded means, students	Websites:
symbols in works of art in an effective manner.	processes to create intended meaning and desired effect in a work of art.	must articulate and convey understanding of the concepts, skills and media they employed	Artist Statements:
manner.	desired effect in a work of art.	to create their works of art.	http://www.artstudy.org/art-and-design- careers/artist-statement.php
			http://centralartblog.blogspot.com/2012/11/l ow-to-write-and-artist-statement.html
RESPOND: Standard 4 Students will underst	and the visual arts in relation to history and culture	S.	
Standard 5 The student will refle	ct upon and assess the characteristics and merits	of their work and the work of others.	
Critiquing Process	Critique art prints to identify master artists' use	Record students throughout the year critiquing	Websites:
	of elements and principles, shape to form,	their personal work, peer's work and the work	http://www.spearsartstudio.com/artcriticism.
	perspective, figure drawings and portraiture.	of master artists. Look for growth in use of vocabulary and depth of conversation.	html
CONNECT: Standard 6 Students will make c	onnections between visual arts and other discipline	PS.	
CCSS ELA-Literacy. CCRA.R.9.	Provide two grade appropriate biographical	Using text-based questions in a pre and post-	Websites:
Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take.	texts for students to compare and contrast.	test, assess student knowledge regarding specific artists or art periods.	http://www.incredibleart.org/links/artists_ferale.html
			Interdisciplinary Connections:
CCSS.Math.Practice.MP.1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.			Math: Parts-to-whole relationships in drawing relate to "big picture" understanding of geometry and algebra equations; Linear perspective in art relates to math (scale and proportion); measurements
			Science: Color theory, problem solving; Figu studies relate to skeletal structures of people/animals; rain forest and science of photography (art prints), Symmetry in the natural environment, human/animal forms, an natural patterns; optical illusions, suspension bridges, plants

Curriculum Map		Visual Art Grade 8	
		Technical Careers: Design relates to many careers (i.e., fashion designer, interior designer, graphic designer, florist)	
		Social Studies: Cultural diversity, point of view, unity relates to unified structures in all disciplines	
		Language Arts: Compositions/parts-to-whole aspects relate to similar structural designs in literary works; Surrealism as an art style relates to poetry and other forms of writing influenced by this style; biography/ autobiography, elements of fiction parallel elements of design	

QUARTER 2			
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
	and and apply media, techniques, and processes. wledge of structures and functions.		
Creating Portrait Self-Portraits	Draw a portrait self-portrait.	Have students create a "before" self-portrait drawing. This drawing will illustrate their existing drawing knowledge and skills. After the final portrait assignment is complete, have the students compare the two drawings to document growth. Demonstrate an understanding of drawing correctly proportioned portraits and self-portraits using the following: Oval shape for outline of face Axis lines for symmetry of face Ellipse lines (used to create proportional divisions of the face)	 Websites: Rembrandt van Rijn http://www.rembrandt painting.net/rembrandt_self_portraits.htm Charles IV of Spain and His Family (1800), Francisco Goya http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Francisco_de_Goya_y_Lucientes_054.jpg Chuck Close - Creating Enlarged Images Using the Grid System http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/8/8a/Chuck_Close_1.jpg http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/en/a/ae/Chuck_Close_2.jpg

	QUARTER 2			
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES	
		Accurate proportions Shape to form relationships		
One-point and Two-point Linear Perspective	Draw an interior design using a point linear perspective. Create a cityscape drawing two point linear perspective.	Have students create a "before" drawing illustrating their existing knowledge and skills of one point and two point linear perspective. Compare these drawings to the end product to document growth. Demonstrate an understanding of one and two point linear perspective drawings by using the following: Objects above, on and below eye level Horizon line Vanishing point[s] Parallel lines Converging lines Ellipse lines/shapes to depict foreshortened objects above, and below eye level	Websites: • http://daphne.palomar.edu/design/space2.ht ml • http://thevirtualinstructor.com/twopointpersp ective.html • http://library.thinkquest.org/C005470F/techni que/perspective.html Artwork/Artists: Christina's World, Wyeth Trains du Soir, Paul Delvaux Ralph's Diner, Ralph Goings	
Creating Enlarged Images Using the Grid Method	Reproduce and enlarge magazine photograph.	Demonstrate an understanding of how to accurately enlarge a drawing of an image based on a 1:3 ratio grid framework: Correctly transfer original 1" image to 3" picture plane Replicate contour lines (following horizontal/vertical planes, variety of line quality, variation of values and shading	Websites: http://www.incredibleart.org/lessons/middle/larry-valuegrid.htm http://www.sfmoma.org/explore/multimedia/videos/534 Source images for enlarging: student-created photographs or magazine newspaper photos	

	QUARTER 2			
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES	
CREATE: Standard 3 Students will choose	and evaluate a range of subject matter, symbols, a	and ideas.		
Thumbnail sketches	Students will create a set amount of "thumbnail" sketches in advance of a long-term art project in order to settle on the best solution to the design problem. Students should be encouraged to share these ideas with classmates in order to get feedback on their ideas. It is highly recommended that students complete weekly sketchbook assignments throughout the course of the school year.	Students will be able to produce a number of unique solutions to a design problem. Over the course of the school year, students should show improvement in their ability to create multiple solutions to an art problem and be able to discuss their choices either in written form or verbally.	Websites: http://www.finearttips.com/2010/11/5-unique-ways-to-brainstorm-out-of-acreative-rut/ http://www2.newton.k12.ma.us/~ron_morris/The%20Art%20Process%20&%20Brainstorming Information on Thumbnail Drawings: http://drawsketch.about.com/library/bl-thumbnail-sketching.htm Leonardo da Vinci sketchbooks http://www.amazon.com/Artists-Journal-Sketchbooks-Exploring-Creating/dp/1592530192 http://www.artonomy.co/2012/04/18/your-artists-sketchbook-10-tips-for-creativity/Master artist sketchbooks (teachers have liberty to make specific selections)	
Explaining Visual Art Choices	Students will defend their design solution within the context of a critique. Students will also offer feedback to other students' work and ideas within the context of a critique.	Students should be able to fluently express their reasoning for why they settled on their final idea for their project. Students should also be able to fluently express their constructive criticisms of their classmates work.	Websites: • http://www.goshen.edu/art/ed/critique1.html • http://apcentral.collegeboard.com/apc/members/homepage/35112.html • http://artsedge.kennedy-center.org/educators/how-to/tipsheets/art-crit-made-easy.aspx	

	QUARTER 2			
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES	
	tand the visual arts in relation to history and culture ect upon and assess the characteristics and merits			
Report on the historical and cultural contexts of given artwork.	Assign or give students a choice of several artists to research. Assess student knowledge prior to their independent or group investigation. Students can write a summary and give examples of exemplary artworks by their chosen artist and how they fit into history and culture and vice versa. Create writing samples aligned to a rubric. Show students examples of what would score a 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 (on a 1-5 pt scale). Have discussions on WHY those writing samples were given those scores. Teachers may wish to refer to the TCAP Writing Assessment rubrics in order to augment what is being taught in the Language Arts & Writing curricula.	Student writing should demonstrate knowledge of a particular artist's biography and be able to clearly identify ways in which that work was influenced by the history and culture of the time period in which it was produced. Teachers may wish to have students keep a writing portfolio so that students and teachers can monitor growth (post - post assessments).	Art Teacher's Book of Lists - lists pertaining to artists from particular places, time periods, artistic styles, etc. Relevant works by master artists	
Evaluate the characteristics of artwork in various eras and cultures.	Students will use the art criticism process of "describe, analyze, interpret, judge" in order to "dissect" works of art from various eras and cultures.	Students will show evidence of effectively utilizing the art criticism process in order to enhance their understanding and comprehension of works of art from various eras and cultures. Teachers may wish to have students keep a writing portfolio or record various critiques/discussions so that students and teachers can monitor growth (post - post assessments).	Websites: • http://www.uwgb.edu/malloyk/art_criticism_a nd_formal_analysi.htm • http://www.scribd.com/doc/24225582/Criticis m-Steps Relevant works by master artists (teacher has liberty to make specific selections)	
Consider various interpretations of works of art.	Discuss how shape to form concepts, still life drawing, one and two-point perspective, figure/portrait and self-portrait drawing, and the elements and principles of design aspects are used in 2D design artworks and differentiate	Students will list multiple ways in which a work of art could be understood. Students could also work together in small groups to discuss the various ways in which the work of art could be understood. Students could look at a work of	Websites: http://www.uwgb.edu/malloyk/art_criticism_and formal_analysi.htm	

QUARTER 2			
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
	their purpose, themes, and meaning.	art through the "lens" of a particular group of people, time period, etc. Students could use deductive reasoning in order to construct knowledge about a particular time period based upon what was observed in the work of art.	http://www.scribd.com/doc/24225582/Criticism-Steps Relevant works by master artists
CONNECT: Standard 6 Students will make co	onnections between visual arts and other discipline	PS.	
CCSS.Math.Practice.MP3. Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others. Speculate as to how the unique characteristics of visual art improve comprehension in one other academic discipline (e.g., measuring skills / math; topography skills / social studies; parts-to-whole / English Language Arts).	Be able to identify the similarities & differences between visual art and other disciplines. Identify and demonstrate how the visual arts are connected to other disciplines.	Students will show evidence of the use of other content areas within their own work in the visual arts - e.g. mathematics to measure, writing an artist's statement, tying an artistic style or period of history, experimenting with new techniques and materials in a "scientific" sort of way (creating and testing hypotheses). Remember to use pre and post or post and post data to illustrate student growth.	http://www.arteducators.org/research/InterAr t.pdf http://www.amazon.com/Bridging-Curriculum-Through-Interdisciplinary-Connections/dp/1562902709 Teachers may wish to make it a habit to plan with the regular classroom teachers in order to gain specific ideas regarding ways in which content from other content areas could be integrated into the visual arts.
			Relevant works by master artists

Standard 2 Students will use ki	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES stand and apply media, techniques, and processor nowledge of structures and functions.	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
Standard 2 Students will use ki		ne -	
Compositions using Design Principles	Create a story using visual elements [a narrative artwork that combines the art elements and art principles].	Pre (defining) and post examples of students exploring visual language. Demonstrate an understanding of art design principles: Emphasis Size, color, shape, value, and placement on picture plane Balance Symmetrical/asymmetrical balance, visual balance, radial balance Rhythm/Movement Repetition of line, shape, color, value, texture and size Ordered/random pattern Unity Repetition of elements Order among elements Color schemes Harmony Similarities of the elements Variety Differences among elements	http://www.slideshare.net/kpikuet/elements-and-principles-of-art-presentation Visual Storytelling Definition: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Visual_narrative http://www.brainpickings.org/index.php/2011 /10/25/visual-storytelling-gestalten/ http://www.visualstorytelling.com/
Demonstrating Painting Knowledge and Skills: Techniques, Media, and Processes	Create a collage composition.	Demonstrate an understanding of 2D artworks using the Elements and Principles of Design and utilizing a variety of media, tools, techniques and processes: Repetition of Elements (emphasis on	 Websites: http://nwrain.net/~tersiisky/design/unity.html http://www.twistedvintagestudio.com/collage -tips-and-techniques.html Picasso, Bearden collage, Schwitters

	QUAR	TER 3	
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
		color repetition) Use of Principles of Art Manipulation of media and processes	collages: http://www.nytimes.com/slide show/2011/03/31/arts/design/20110401bear den.html?_r=0 • http://www.artchive.com/artchive/S/schwitter s.html • http://www.moma.org/collection/theme.php?t heme_id=10064
Painting: Color Theory	Create a unique color wheel (theme based). Paint a still life of a single object repeated multiple times (e.g. three) that illustrates the understandings of: color modulation; mixed color, broken color, & pure color.	Demonstrate an understanding of the use of color theory within painting compositions (2D design artworks): Modulation [smooth blending of colors to create illusion of depth] Mixed color [pure color + pure color to yield a new color] Broken color [short strokes placed to create a blending effect]	Websites: • http://www.glencoe.com/sites/common_asse ts/art/artquests/color_schemes.htm • http://www.colormatters.com/color-and-design/basic-color-theory • http://www.makart.com/resources/artclass/c schemes.html Artwork/Artists: The Blue Vase,Paul Cezanne Wheatfield with Cypresses, van Gogh
CREATE: Standard 3 Students will choo	se and evaluate a range of subject matter, symbols, a	ind ideas.	
Creating Compositions using Spatial Relationship Understandings	Students will work independently to create a series of compositional thumbnail sketches of a landscape and/or interior space according to teacher-created criteria (e.g. the composition must have a building drawn in linear perspective, three of the same object, etc.). Students will then share their series of sketches with a partner or small group. Students will deliberate the effectiveness of the compositional sketches and come to a consensus as to which individual sketch is the most visually effective and WHY. (This activity could be done as a lead-in to Atmospheric and Linear Perspective under Q3 "Perform".).	Students should be able to create multiple solutions to the design problem and discuss, in depth, the choices and problem solving techniques they used to arrive at the final product. Students should be able to demonstrate fluency in use of art vocabulary terms in their deliberations with classmates and teacher.	Brainstorming: http://www.finearttips.com/2010/11/5-unique-ways-to-brainstorm-out-of-a-creative-rut/ http://www2.newton.k12.ma.us/~ron_morris/The%20Art%20Process%20&%20Brainstorming Information on Thumbnail Drawings: http://drawsketch.about.com/library/bl-thumbnail-sketching.htm Leonardo da Vinci sketchbooks http://www.artonomy.co/2012/04/18/your-artists-sketchbook-10-tips-for-creativity/

QUARTER 3			
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
	and the visual arts in relation to history and culture of upon and assess the characteristics and merits of		
Compare similarities among differences between organizational structures in works of art.	Write a written comparison of 2D and 3D design artists and their differences in styles, themes, and symbols. Create writing samples aligned to a rubric. Show students examples of what would score a 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 (on a 1-5 pt scale). Have discussions on WHY those writing samples were given those scores. Teachers may wish to refer to the TCAP Writing Assessment rubrics in order to augment what is being taught in the Language Arts & Writing curricula.	Through formal and informal written statements, students will demonstrate an understanding of styles, themes, and symbols within 2D design and 3D design artworks. Teachers may wish to have students keep a writing portfolio so that students and teachers can monitor growth (post - post assessments).	Websites: • http://www.uwgb.edu/malloyk/art_criticism_a nd_formal_analysi.htm • http://www.scribd.com/doc/24225582/Criticis m-Steps Relevant works by master artists
Judge the effective use of subject matter, symbols, and ideas.	Evaluate and access artworks that illustrate an understanding of the strategies used in a successful critique of contributions of exemplary 2D design artists; use of a variety of media, tools, techniques, and processes; color theory.	Students will be able to efficiently and fluently utilize methods of criticism in order to analyze the contributions of exemplary 2D design artists; use of a variety of media, tools, techniques, and processes; color theory. Using audio devices or written exemplars assess student growth over time.	Websites: • http://www.uwgb.edu/malloyk/art_criticism_a nd_formal_analysi.htm • http://www.scribd.com/doc/24225582/Criticis m-Steps Relevant works by master artists
Examining historical & cultural aspects	Critique works of art to identify / discuss contributions of exemplary 2D design and 3D design artists and their use of: painting & knowledge skills; media, tools, & techniques; color theory; shape-to-form concepts. Critique 2D and 3D design artworks to identify discuss the use of media, tools, technology, and processes.	Students will be able to efficiently and fluently utilize methods of criticism in order to analyze the contributions of exemplary 2D design and 3D design artists and their use of: painting & knowledge skills; media, tools, & techniques; color theory; shape-to-form concepts.	Websites: • http://www.goshen.edu/art/ed/critique1.html • http://apcentral.collegeboard.com/apc/members/homepage/35112.html • http://artsedge.kennedycenter.org/educators/how-to/tipsheets/artcrit-made-easy.aspx Relevant works by master artists

QUARTER 3			
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
CONNECT: Standard 6 Students will make c	onnections between visual arts and other discipline	es.	
Evaluate how cultural factors of time and place influence the meaning of artworks.	Write a summary of the influences of 2D and 3D design artists/artworks on history/culture and vice versa. Create writing samples aligned to a rubric. Show students examples of what would score a 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 (on a 1-5 pt. scale). Have discussions on WHY those writing samples were given those scores. Teachers may wish to refer to the TCAP Writing Assessment rubrics in order to augment what is being taught in the Language Arts & Writing curricula.	Through formal and informal written statements taken from pre and post instructional assessments, students will demonstrate an understanding of styles, themes, and symbols within 2D design and 3D design artworks. Teachers may wish to have students keep a writing portfolio so that students and teachers can monitor growth (post - post assessments).	Websites: • http://www.uwgb.edu/malloyk/art_criticism_a nd_formal_analysi.htm • http://www.scribd.com/doc/24225582/Criticis m-Steps Relevant works by master artists
Interdisciplinary Connections	Demonstrate 2D and 3D design aspects within artworks and be able to identify the similarities and differences with other disciplines: • similarities & differences among contributions of exemplary artists and their relationship to their disciplines • similarities & differences among a variety of media, tools, techniques, and processes and their relationship to other disciplines • color theory relationships to other disciplines • spatial relationships to other disciplines.	Demonstrate an understanding of 2D and 3D design aspects within artworks and the similarities and differences with other disciplines. If students complete any written tasks to satisfy this learning target, teachers may wish to have students keep a writing portfolio so that students and teachers can monitor growth (post - post assessments).	Websites: • http://www.amazon.com/Bridging-Curriculum-Through-Interdisciplinary-Connections/dp/1562902709 • http://www.artofproblemsolving.com/Store/products/ktm3/exc2.pdf
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.R.4. Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze how specific word choices shape meaning or tone.	Students will analyze the symbols, subject matter, and ideas present within a work of art to determine their meaning.	Students will demonstrate a deeper level of comprehension of a work of art after analyzing the symbols, subject matter, and ideas present within a work of art to determine their meaning.	Websites: • http://www.uwgb.edu/malloyk/art_criticism_a nd_formal_analysi.htm • http://www.scribd.com/doc/24225582/Criticis m-Steps Relevant works by master artists

QUARTER 4				
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES	
	PERFORM: Standard 1 Students will understand and apply media, techniques, and processes. Standard 2 Students will use knowledge of structures and functions.			
Spatial Relationships [illusion of depth/space on a 2D plane]	Landscape painting.	Pre assessments and post assessments will show growth and deeper understanding of the concepts of the illusion of depth. Demonstrate an understanding of illusion of depth/space incorporating the following in a composition: Diminishing sizes Division of picture plane Horizon line Placement of objects in picture plane Atmospheric perspective/linear perspective Diminishing sizes Diminishing sizes Diminishing values Detail/focus/illusion of haziness and distance	Websites: http://thehelpfulartteacher.blogspot.com/201 1/01/atmospheric-perspective.html Pam Cobb paintings: http://www.jayetkingallery.com/cobb.html Artwork/Artists: Les Alcamps, van Gogh	
3D design and sculpture	Create a 3D form http://cdn.dickblick.com/lessonplans/convertibl e-canned-sculpture/convertible-canned- sculpture-convertible-canned-sculpture.pdf	Pre assessments and post assessments will show growth and deeper understanding of the concepts of sculpture construction and design. Demonstrate an understanding of 3D sculpture and design through sculptural methods: Modeling [manipulation of material] Assembling [additive] Carving [subtractive]	Websites: http://www.designer-daily.com/25-examples-of-great-architecture-2306 http://www.creativebloq.com/architecture/fa mous-buildings-around-world-10121105 Artwork/Artists: Fallingwater House/Guggenheim Museum, NYC, Frank Lloyd Wright Louvre Pyramid, I M Pei	

QUARTER 4			
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
3D design in Architecture	Design and create a structure (corrugated cardboard, found objects, etc.). http://cpgartlessons.blogspot.com/2013/02/corr ugated-cardboard-sculpture-lesson.html Design and create a building illustrating understanding of 3D design in architecture: form follows function; need of humans; needs of community; man-made / natural environments; scale and proportion; mathematics problem-solving skills.	Pre assessments and post assessments will include the drawing of a floor plan and elevation of structure. Demonstrate an understanding of 3D architectural design using the following: Form follows function Needs of humans Needs of community/place Man-made/natural environments Scale and proportion Mathematics-problem solving skills Demonstrate an understanding by discussing artistic choices of personal artwork in relation to 3D design in architecture: form follows function; need of humans; needs of community; man-made / natural environments; scale and proportion; mathematics problem-solving skills.	Websites: http://www.gehrytechnologies.com/architect ure/recent-work Structure design: http://www.ehow.com/way_5769153_architecture-projects-middle-school-students.htm http://www.incredibleart.org/lessons/middle/Mark-paperarch.html http://www.architectstudio3d.org/AS3d/index.html Architects: http://www.colorcoat-online.com/blog/index.php/2011/01/12-architects-that-changed-the-world/ Artwork/Artists: Frank Lloyd Wright
Demonstrating the Understanding of Architectural Design and Sculptures	Create a 3D model of a sculptural form designed for installation outdoors. This should illustrate an understanding of sculpture in architecture design such as: modeling process, carving, and construction.	Demonstrating an understanding of 3D design in architectural and landscape sculpture through sculptural methods: modeling, carving, and construction. Discuss artistic choices, challenges and problem solving techniques. Use audio recordings or written exemplars.	Websites: http://www.heritagepreservation.org/pdfs/tod ayfortomorrow.pdf https://pinterest.com/nancydenmark/outdoor -installation-art-sculpture/ http://www.christojeanneclaude.net/ Master Artwork: Robert Smithson Spiral Jetty.

QUARTER 4			
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES
Visual Story Telling	Communicate ideas through the use of structures and functions in any work of art (e.g. create a narrative artwork that combines the elements and principles).	Student fluently uses the elements and principles of design to organize visual information in a work of art. Student effectively tells a story through an original work of art that they create.	Websites: • http://www.visualstorytelling.com/ • http://www.printmag.com/design-inspiration/post-modern-storybook-illustrations/
CREATE: Standard 3 Students will choose	ose and evaluate a range of subject matter, symbol	· 	
Consider and communicate a specific idea through the appropriate use of media, techniques, and processes.	Communicate ideas both verbally and nonverbally (i.e. in written and/or oral discussions about works of art). Identify and ask questions to clarify points of view. Communicate ideas to the viewer both verbally and nonverbally (e.g. class critiques, displays, assignments, class discussions). Create writing samples aligned to a rubric. Show students examples of what would score a 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 (on a 1-5 pt scale). Have discussions on WHY those writing samples were given those scores. Teachers may wish to refer to the TCAP Writing Assessment rubrics in order to augment what is being taught in the Language Arts & Writing curricula.	Students will be able to effectively communicate their ideas verbally (one-on-one conversations/small group work/class critiques) and nonverbally (e.g. artist's statement or work proposal) through the appropriate use of media, techniques, and processes. Record students discussing their work using audio devices or written exemplars. Teachers may wish to have students keep a writing portfolio so that students and teachers can monitor growth (post - post assessments).	Websites: http://www.uwgb.edu/malloyk/art_criticism_a nd_formal_analysi.htm http://www.scribd.com/doc/24225582/Criticis m-Steps http://www.goshen.edu/art/ed/critique1.html http://apcentral.collegeboard.com/apc/members/homepage/35112.html http://artsedge.kennedy-center.org/educators/how-to/tipsheets/art-crit-made-easy.aspx

QUARTER 4					
KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS	ACTIVITIES/OUTCOMES	ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES		
	RESPOND: Standard 4 Students will understand the visual arts in relation to history and cultures. Standard 5 The student will reflect upon and assess the characteristics and merits of their work and the work of others.				
Consider various interpretations of works of art.	Recognize intentions and factors that motivate artists to create art. Evaluate intentions and factors that motivate artists to create art. Students will list more than one way a work of art could be understood or interpreted.	Students will be able to identify the reason or reasons for why a particular work of art was created. Students could work together in small groups to discuss the various ways in which the work of art could be understood. Students could look at a work of art through the "lens" of a particular group of people, time period, etc. Students could use deductive reasoning in order to construct knowledge about a particular time period based upon what was observed in the work of art. Using post and post written assessments over a period of time, look for student growth in depth of critique, comprehension of concept and use of vocabulary.	Websites: http://www.uwgb.edu/malloyk/art_criticism_a nd_formal_analysi.htm http://www.scribd.com/doc/24225582/Criticis m-Steps Relevant works by master artists		
	e connections between visual arts and other discip	I			
Deliberate on the role of artists throughout history and cultures.	Discuss and provide examples of works of art that might be completed by the following list of artisans in their respective fields: computer artist, animator, special effects artist, architect, costume designer, product designer, furniture designer, installation artist, and art educator. Create a storyboard using original characters created in sketchbook journals for a climactic scene of animated feature that illustrates understandings of the skills/productions of an animator.	Students can give a brief presentation on a chosen career path in the arts. Using a graphic organizer, assess what student knows about their chosen career prior to research. Revisit the graphic organizer post research and compare to what the student learned.	Websites: • http://www.schoolsoup.com/careers/career_i nfo.php?career_id=87&_suid=13689986113 5501796225900761783 • http://www.temple.edu/tyler/admissions/care ers.html • http://www.rd99.com/197artcareers/ • http://accad.osu.edu/womenandtech/Storyb oard%20Resource/ • http://www.printablepaper.net/category/story board		

QUARTER 4			
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CCSS.Math.Practice.MP4. Model with Mathematics.	Just as students would model an algebraic function with a graph, students will be creating a scale model of an outdoor installation sculpture. See Demonstrating the Understanding of Architectural Design and Sculptures.	Students will be able to successfully create a scale model of a would-be outdoor sculptural installation to scale. Document student use of materials and use of mathematical concepts.	Websites: • http://www.heritagepreservation.org/pdfs/tod ayfortomorrow.pdf • http://eerc.wsu.edu/CREAM%20K12/Scale_model_lesson.pdf
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.SL.4. Present information, findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.	Students will present their scale model of an outdoor installation sculpture to a would-be board of directors who would hypothetically fund it. See <i>Demonstrating the Understanding of Architectural Design and Sculptures</i> .	Students will be able to clearly articulate their reasons for creating their sculpture via a dynamic, engaging, relevant presentation.	Websites: • http://www.presentationmagazine.com/effect ive-presentation-techniques-the-top-10-149.htm
CCSS.ELA-Literacy.CCRA.SL.5. Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information & enhance understanding of presentations.			